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How New York Stands to Benefit From The House-Approved Version of the Economic Recovery Bill

Note: The following information highlights the best estimates at this time as to how some of the money from the House-approved version of the economic recovery bill will be allocated in New York. Please note that this document is intended to give a good sense of how money will be spent, but is not a guarantee that funding will be allocated in this exact manner. Additionally, there are other sources of funding within the bill that have been broken down into state-by-state format yet. New York will definitely be getting more overall funding than what's listed in this document.

Education

School Modernization, Renovation and Repair (K-12 Repair and Modernization): The economic recovery bill includes funds for school modernization, renovation, and repair, to be allocated to states. **New York is estimated to receive \$1.3 billion.**

Education for the Disadvantaged Grants: This increase goes to local education agencies (LEAs) that will provide supplemental education funding, especially in high poverty areas, for programs that provide extra academic support to help raise student achievement. **New York is estimated to receive \$1.2 billion.**

Special Education -- Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA): Funds will pay for additional special education programs over the next two years. **New York is estimated to receive \$839 million.**

Student Loan Limit Increase: Increases limits on unsubsidized Stafford loans by \$2,000. **As much as \$756 million made available in additional loan principal available to New York's 377,000 Stafford loan borrowers.**

Higher Education Facility Construction: Provides funds for renovation and modernization of higher education facilities, including technology upgrades and energy efficiency improvements. **New York is estimated to receive \$386 million.**

Child Care Development Block Grant - Allocates funds to provide child care services for an additional 300,000 children across the country in low-income families while their parents go to work. **New York is estimated to receive \$100 million.**

School Improvement Grants -- Education Technology: The Enhancing Education through Technology program supports state, district, and school efforts to integrate technology into curricula in order to improve teaching and learning. Funding will be used for technology hardware, software applications, professional development and related instructional technology staff and services. **New York is estimated to receive \$81.4 million.**

College Work-Study: Funds to support undergraduate and graduate students who work.
New York is estimated to receive \$51 million.

Rehabilitation Services and Disability Research- Vocational Rehabilitation State Grants and Centers for Independent Living: The Rehabilitation Services and Disability Research proposals would authorize grants to states for vocational rehabilitation programs.
New York is estimated to receive \$22.46 million.

Institute of Education Sciences- Statewide Data Systems: The Department of Education makes competitive grants to states to enable them to design and develop statewide longitudinal data systems that use individual student data for reporting and improving student achievement, and to facilitate research to improve student achievement and close achievement gaps.
New York is estimated to receive \$20.25 million.

Innovation and Improvement - Teacher Incentive Fund: The increased funding for the Teacher Incentive Fund (TIF) would enable states and school districts to develop and implement systems to attract and retain highly qualified teachers and principals, and to align their pay with student performance.
New York is estimated to receive \$12 million.

Pell Grants: \$15.6 billion nationally to increase the maximum Pell Grant by \$500, from \$4,850 to \$5,350.
An estimated 360,000 Pell recipients at New York State institutions would benefit from the increased funding.

Transportation

Highway Infrastructure Investment: Will provide funds for critical roadway infrastructure projects throughout states. Funds must be awarded by the state within 120 days of the measure being signed into law.
New York is estimated to receive \$1.4 billion.

Transit Capital Assistance: Invests funds for public transportation projects across the country.
New York is estimated to receive \$920 million.

Fixed Guideway Infrastructure Investment: Funds will be allocated for the modernization of rail, ferry, and other mass transit systems.
New York is estimated to receive \$567 million.

Aid for Low & Moderate-Income Families

Weatherization: The bill includes funds to make homes more energy-efficient.
New York is estimated to receive \$500 million.

Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Training and Employment Services: The proposal includes funds for a variety of job training programs, including discretionary grant programs and formula grants to states for adult, youth and dislocated worker services.
New York is estimated to receive \$161 million.

Home Energy Assistance Program: The bill would provide additional funds to help low-income families pay for home heating costs.

New York is estimated to receive \$120 million.

HOME Investment Partnerships: Provides funds to help local communities build and rehab low-income housing using green technologies.

New York is estimated to receive \$30 million.

Employment and Reemployment Services Grants: The proposal includes funds to match unemployed individuals to job openings through state employment service agencies.

New York is estimated to receive \$29.5 million.

Energy & Water Programs

Renewable Energy Loan Guarantees: Guarantees loans for renewable energy power generation and transmission projects. Given the credit crunch, these guarantees could help free up capital and prevent project delays.

\$8 billion has been allocated nationwide, but it is unclear at this time how much money New York will receive.

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Research: Will provide funds for energy efficiency and renewable energy research, development, demonstration, and deployment activities to foster energy independence, reduce carbon emissions, and cut utility bills. Funds are awarded on a competitive basis to universities, companies, and national laboratories.

\$2 billion has been provided nationwide, but it's unclear at this time how much money New York institutions will receive

Local Government Energy Efficiency Block Grants: Grants will be provided to help state and local governments make investments that make them more energy efficient and reduce carbon emissions.

\$6.9 billion has been allocated nationwide, but it is unclear at this time how much money New York will receive.

Energy Efficiency Grants and Loans for Institutions: Will provide energy sustainability and efficiency grants and loans to help school districts, institutes of higher education, local governments, and municipal utilities implement energy efficiency projects.

\$1.5 billion has been allocated nationwide, but it is unclear at this time how much money New York will receive.

Smart Appliances: Provides \$300 million in rebates for consumers buying energy efficient ENERGY STAR products to replace old appliances.

New York State residents are eligible for the rebates though it is unclear at this time whether the fund will be distributed by state or directly to individuals.

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Alternative Buses and Trucks: Funds will go to help state and local governments purchase efficient alternative fuel vehicles to reduce fuel costs and carbon emissions. This funding will establish a grant program through the U.S. Department of Energy's Clean Cities Program and may provide up to 30 geographically dispersed project grants.

\$400 million has been allocated nationwide, but it is unclear at this time how much money New York will receive.

Clean Water State Revolving Fund: Would provide grants to states to capitalize their revolving loan funds to finance publically owned wastewater infrastructure improvements.

New York is estimated to receive \$640 million.

Drinking Water State Revolving Fund: Would provide grants to states to capitalize their revolving loan funds to finance drinking water infrastructure improvements.

New York is estimated to receive \$80 million.

Other Notable Initiatives

Byrne/JAG: Would provide funds for the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program, which allows states and local governments to support a broad range of activities to prevent and control crime and to improve the criminal justice system.

New York is estimated to receive \$260 million.

Senior Nutrition Programs: Funds will be committed nationally for grants to states to support nutrition services to the elderly (such as home-delivered meals and meals in congregate settings).

New York is estimated to receive \$14 million.